FRC TEACH Act Checklist

The TEACH Act

The Technology, Education, and Copyright Harmonization Act, or TEACH Act was passed by Congress in 2002 to allow educators more opportunity to use copyrighted works in distance education programs, while simultaneously protecting the rights of copyright holders. The TEACH Act facilitates and enables the performance and display of copyrighted work in distance education through a University supported Content Management System (CMS), such as Blackboard or Canvas.

TEACH Act Requirements

To ensure that your copyrighted use complies with the TEACH Act you must satisfy all the following requirements.

<u>Ins</u>	titutional Requirements:	
	My institution is a nonprofit accredited educational institution or a governmental agency	
	The institution has a policy on the use of copyrighted materials	
	The institution provides accurate information to faculty, students, and staff about copyright	
	The institution's systems will not interfere with technological controls within the materials used	
Instructor Requirements:		
	My class is part of the regular offerings of my institution	
	The performance or display of the materials is provided at my direction during the relevant lesson and is integral part of the class instructional activities	
	I will use a lawfully acquired copy of the materials (one owned by myself, UCCS, or the Kraemer Family Library)	
	The materials are specifically for students in my class and I will use the University supported CMS (e.g. Blackboard, Canvas) to ensure that only these students will have access to the materials	
	I will use technology that reasonably limits students' ability to retain or further distribute the materials	
	I will make the materials available to students only for a period of time that is relevant to the context of the class session	
	I will store the materials on a secure server	
	I will not make copies other than the one I need to make the transmission	
	The materials transmitted are one of the following: Full performance of nondramatic literary work (e.g. reading of text, an audio book, or poetry) Full performance of a nondramatic musical work (e.g. the playing of instruments or the singing of	

- A reasonable or limited* portion of a dramatic works (e.g. opera, Broadway musicals, ballet, radio,
- cinema, theater, and television scripts)

- A reasonable or limited portion of an audiovisual work (e.g. films, television shows, and videogames)
- The display** of a work (e.g. images of art, pictures, and figures) in an amount comparable to that which is typically displayed in the course of a live classroom session. Examples include images of art, pictures, and figures.

 Material the law specifically excludes from its co Materials specifically marketed for classre Copies I know or should know are illegal 	
available in library databases as well as re Hulu.	digitizing it to be sure: ailable for students to use. This copy can include films ental/subscription services such as Amazon.com, Netflix, or ed only the amount that I am authorized to transmit.
☐ I will provide students with information about the about their rights and responsibilities when utilize	e UCCS copyright policy and encourage them to learning copyrighted works
•	e: "Materials used in connection with this course may be materials posted to this class page are intended for your or retained beyond the end of the course."
1 0 1	gitize the requested item and post a link for it to my ne purpose of online education in accordance with the ertify that this request, in my opinion, qualifies for the
Name:	Date:

^{*}Here "Reasonable and limited" does not mean you cannot use the entire work however, you must only use the amount needed to illustrate your point or adequately teach the work. If you are interested in having students watch a *full* performance of a dramatic work or an audiovisual work, then you must first check to see if it is already legally available in a digital format online through an authorized vendor. This format can include films found in library databases as well as rental/subscription services such as Amazon.com, Netflix, or Hulu.

^{**} The U.S. Copyright Act, 17 U.S.C. § 101 states that a display involves showing copies of a work "either directly or by means of a film, slide, television image, or any other device or process or, in the case of a motion picture or other audiovisual work, to show individual images nonsequentially."